

6/93

8/24/93 I.1

US EPA RECORDS CENTER REGION 5



469346

ecology and environment, inc.

522

SITE SAFETY PLAN

Version 988

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Project Title: Hoffman Landfill/Asphalt Assoc. Project No.: ZT2051
 TDD/Pan No.: T659308023/EJL0809SAA
 Project Manager: Raghu Nagam Project Dir.: _____
 Location(s): Rock Falls, Illinois (Whiteside County)
 Prepared by: Hette Anderson Date Prepared: 8-24-93
 Approval by: Ronald W. Burg Date Approved: 8/24/93
 Site Safety Officer Review: R. Nagam Date Reviewed: 8/24/93
 Scope/Objective of Work: Site reconnaissance, air monitoring, collecting samples from drums, soil sampling
 Proposed Date of Field Activities: 8-25-93
 Background Info: Complete: ☐ Preliminary (No analytical data available) ☒

Documentation/Summary:

Overall Chemical Hazard:	Serious <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>
	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Overall Physical Hazard	Serious <input type="checkbox"/>	Moderate <input type="checkbox"/>
	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

B. SITE/WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Waste Type(s):

Liquid ☒ Solid ☒ Sludge ☐ Gas/Vapor ☒

Characteristic(s):

Flammable/Ignitable ☒ Volatile ☒ Corrosive ☐ Acutely Toxic ☒

Explosive ☐ Reactive ☒ Carcinogen ☒ Radioactive* ☐

Other: _____

Physical Hazards:

Overhead ☐ Confined* ☐ Below Grade ☐ Trip/Fall ☒
 Puncture ☒ Burn ☐ Cut ☒ Splash ☒
 Noise ☐ ~~Heat~~/Cold ☒ Stress ☐ Other: _____

*Requires completion of additional form and special approval from the Corporate Health/Safety group. Contact RSC or HQ.
 HS018A(04/02/91)

Site History/Description and Unusual Features (see Sampling Plan for detailed description):

HISTORY UNKNOWN

KNOWN AS A DUMPING PLACE.

Locations of Chemicals/Wastes: UNKNOWN

Estimated Volume of Chemicals/Wastes: UNKNOWN

Site Currently in Operation

Yes: ☐

No: ☒

C. HAZARD EVALUATION

List Physical Hazards by Task (i.e., drum sampling - explosion hazard, drilling - noise hazard, etc.) and number them. (Task numbers are cross-referenced in Section D)

- Task/Physical Hazard Evaluation: 1. site walk through - trip/fall, cut, puncture, heat stress
2. drum sampling - splash, TANK SAMPLING, SPLASH.
3. Soil sampling - trip/fall, cut, heat stress
 4. _____
 5. _____
 6. _____
 7. _____
 8. _____

Chemical Hazard Evaluation:

Compound	PEL/TWA	Route of Exposure	Acute Symptoms	Odor Threshold	Odor Description
Toluene	PEL 100 ppm TWA 100 ppm	IN, SK, IH	RT, E, W	1-20 ppm	Pungent/sour
Ethyl benzene	PEL 100 ppm TWA 100 ppm	IN, E, SK, IH	IRI, W, SK, DR	—	aromatic/oily
Xylene	PEL 100 ppm TWA 100 ppm	IN, SK, IH, E	H, C, N, AB	20 ppm	Sweet
_____				?	
1,1,1-trichloroethane	PEL 350 ppm TWA 350 ppm	IN, E, SK	E, SK	390.00 ppm	Sweetish
bis 2-ethylhexyl phthalate					

Note: Complete and attach a Hazard Evaluation Sheet for major known contaminants. Codes for C.H.E. below:

AB = ABDOMINAL PAIN
 AC = ACHES
 AN = ANEMIA
 BV = BLURRED VISION
 C = COUGHING
 W = WEAKNESS
 H = HEADACHES
 SB = SHORTNESS OF BREATH

DA = DERMAL ABSORPTION
 DI = DIARRHEA
 DS = DISTRESSED STOMACH
 DP = CNS DEPRESSION
 DR = DROWSINESS
 CD = CONTACT DERMATITIS
 LC = LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS
 OTHER: _____

IH = INHALATION
 IN = INGESTION
 IRI = IRR OF E/M/THROAT
 IR = IRRITATION
 E = EYES
 DZ = DIZZINESS
 RT = RESPIRATORY TRACT

A = OCULAR
 SK = SKIN CONTACT
 U = ULCERATION
 V = VOMITING
 M = MOUTH
 CP = CHEST PAIN
 N = NAUSEA

D. SITE SAFETY WORK PLAN

Site Control: Attach map, use back of this page, or sketch of site showing hot zone, contamination reduction, zone, etc.

Perimeter identified? [☐] [☒] Site secured? [☐] [☒]
 Work Areas Designated? [☐] [☒] Zone(s) of Contamination Identified? [☐] [☒]

Personnel Protection (TLD badges required for all field personnel):

Anticipated Level of Protection (Cross-reference task numbers to Section C):

	A	B	C	D
Task 1			X	
Task 2		X		
Task 3			X	
Task 4				

(Expand if necessary)

Modifications: Upgrade will be conducted if under dry & dusty conditions.

Action Levels for Evacuation of Work Zone Pending Reassessment of Conditions:

- o Level D: O_2 <19.5% or >25%, explosive atmosphere >10% LEL, organic vapors above background levels, particulates > _____ mg/m³, other N/A.
- o Level C: O_2 <19.5% or >25%, explosive atmosphere >25% LEL (California-20%), unknown organic vapor (in breathing zone) >5 ppm, particulates > _____ mg/m³, other N/A.
- o Level B: O_2 <19.5% or >25%, explosive atmosphere >25% LEL (California-20%), unknown organic vapors (in breathing zone) >500 ppm, particulates > _____ mg/m³, other N/A.
- o Level A: O_2 <19.5% or >25%, explosive atmosphere >25% LEL (California-20%), unknown organic vapors >500 ppm, particulates > _____ mg/m³, other N/A.

Air Monitoring (daily calibration unless otherwise noted):

Contaminant of Interest	Type of Sample (area, personal)	Monitoring Equipment	Frequency of Sampling
ORGANICS	area	HAN -	THROUGHOUT
RADIATION	area	RAD MINI	THROUGHOUT
CYANIDE	DRUM, TANKS	MONITOX	DRUMS, TANKS
O ₂ /EXPLOSI-METER	DRUMS, TANKS	O ₂ /EXPLOSI-METER	WHILE DRUM & TANK SAMPLING

(Expand if necessary)

Decontamination Solutions and Procedures for Equipment, Sampling Gear, etc.:

DECONTAMINATION SOLUTION - ALCONOX SOLUTION. ALL CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT WILL BE TRIPLE RINSED WITH ALCONOX SOLⁿ. & WATER.

Personnel Decon Protocol: alconox and deionized water as needed

Decon Solution Monitoring Procedures, if Applicable: N/A

Special Site Equipment, Facilities, or Procedures (Sanitary Facilities and Lighting Must Meet 29 CFR 1910.120): N/A

Site Entry Procedures and Special Considerations: Permission will be obtained prior to site entry. Stay upwind of contamination when possible. The buddy system will be maintained at all times.

Work Limitations (time of day, weather conditions, etc.) and Heat/Cold Stress Requirements:
Work is restricted to daylight hours only and workers are to be monitored for heat/cold stress. When vermiculite is used to pack samples, dust masks will be worn.

General Spill Control, if applicable: N/A

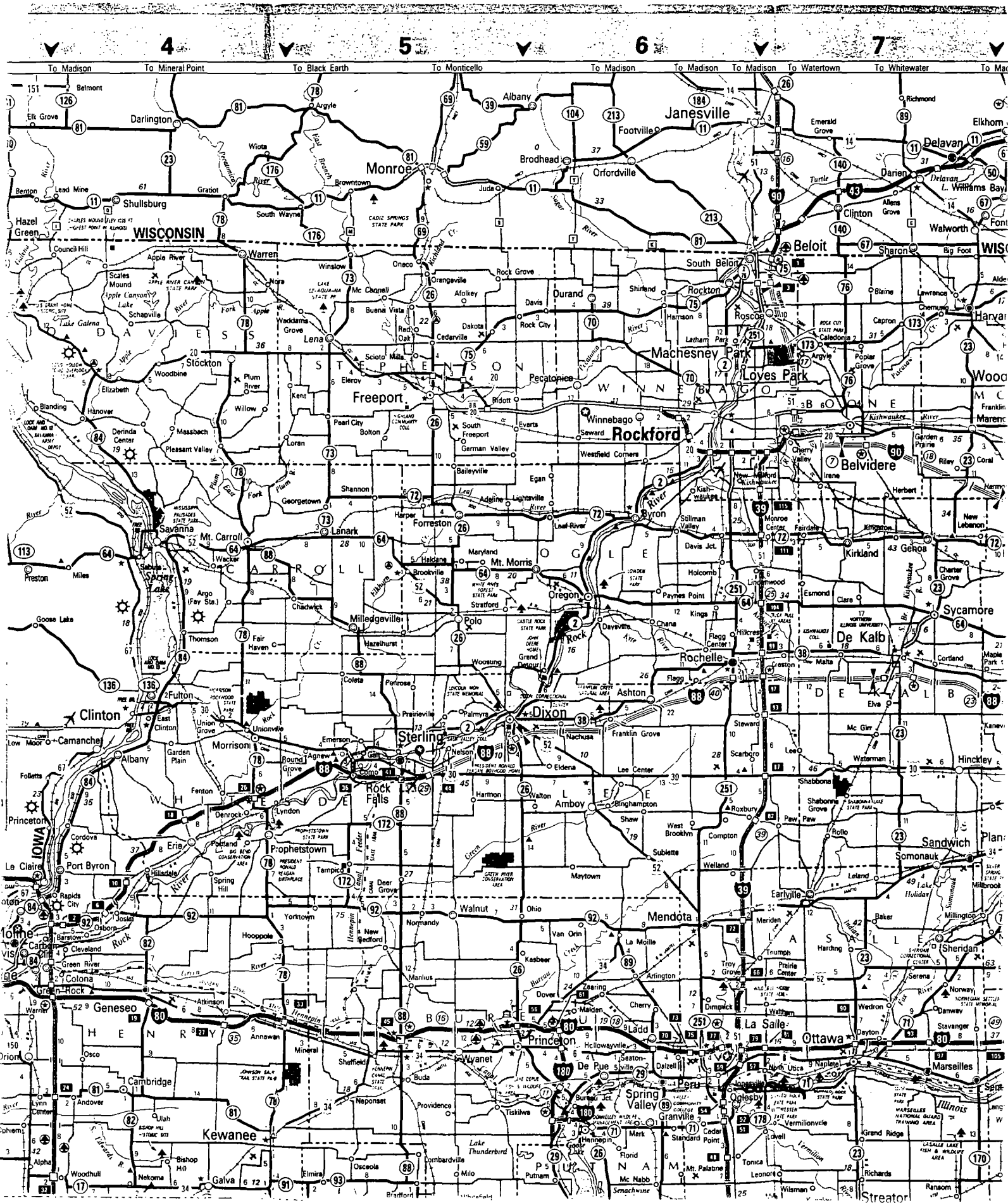
Investigation-Derived Material Disposal (i.e., expendables, decon waste, cuttings):
Investigative-derived materials will be decontaminated in accordance with procedures listed above. The decontaminated material will be bagged and left on-site in appropriate waste containers with prior permission of site owner/operator

Sample Handling Procedures Including Protective Wear:
After samples have been collected, the outside of the sample bottles will be decontaminated by washing (not submerging) the bottles in an Alconox solution and rinsing in distilled water. The protective clothing level (i.e. suits, gloves, boots) worn during on-site job activities will be maintained while decontaminating the bottles. Respiratory protection will be worn based on professional judgement. Latex gloves, at a minimum, will be worn while handling the bottles after decontamination.

Team Member*	Responsibility
<u>Raghu Nagam</u>	<u>Team Leader</u>
<u>John Sherrard</u>	<u>Site Safety Officer</u>
<u>Yvette Anderson</u>	<u>TEAM MEMBER</u>

*All entries into exclusion zone require Buddy System use. All E & E field staff participate in medical monitoring program and have completed applicable training per 29 CFR 1910.120. Respiratory protection program meets requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134, and ANSI Z88.2 (1980).

Site Location Map



Site Name HOFFMAN LF/ASPHALT AREA
Job No. 2T2051
TDD/PAN 705-9308-023

SITE HISTORY (Continued)

SITE HISTORY UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME. DRUMS & TANKS AT THIS LOCATION ARE A RESULT OF DUMPING. DRUM & TANK CONTENTS UNKNOWN. PREVIOUS SOIL SAMPLING BY IEIA AROUND THIS SITE REVEALED 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE AND XYLENE CONTAMINATION.

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

CHEMICAL NAME: Ethyl Benzene

No. :
No. :
Class: 1175-FL LIQ CLS
Synonym: Phenylethane, Ethylbenzol
Formula: C₈H₁₀
UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

St: Liquid
At: 106.17
r: 0.86
le: F
: aromatic, oily
mpat/React: nitric acid, oxidizing agents
bility: water-slightly; sol in alcohols, benzene, carbon tetrachloride, ether
Boil Pt: 277.20 °F
Melt Pt: -139.00 °F
Frz Pt: -139.00 °F
Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
Ioniz Pot: 8.76 eV
Vap Press: 7.10000 mmHg
Odor Thr: --
FI Pt: 89.00 °F
LFL: 1.00%
UFL: 6.70%

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 100.00000ppm
STEL: 125.00000ppm
FEL (OSHA): 100.00000ppm
STEL: --
IDLH: 2000.00000ppm
Properties:
Data: Inhalation: human TcLo: 100ppm/8hr
Dermal: skin rbt LD50: 17800 mg/kg
Oral: rat LD50: 3600mg/kg
Carcinogen: -
Mutagen: -
Reproduct.: exper teratogen
Aquatic: 29ppm/96hr/bluegill/TLm/fresh water
Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: Eye, Upper Resp, Skin, CNS
Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators: AFR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm
Bridge Type: GMC-H, AP3 (RACAL)
Protective Clothing: Coverall: Saranex
Gloves: Viton-8hr
Special Precautions:

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, CPR if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Skin: flush w/lg amt of water IMMEDIATELY for 15 min, wash skin with soap/water, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Ingestion: SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

Effects: irritation of eyes, nose, throat, skin; weakness, dizziness, drowsiness, unconscious, CNS depressant. High concentrations - narcotic.
Toxic effects: skin rash, erythema, inflammation, dermatitis

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: 0
Fire: 6,7
Leakage & Spills: 3,4,5,6,9
Decomposition Products: CO, CO₂

REFERENCES CONSULTED

OSHA Pocket Guide, Merck Index, ACGIH TLV Booklet, RTECS
Other References: Sigma-Aldrich, OSHA, Poison Handbook

Chemical Classification: Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Last Revision Date:
05/10/89

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

CHEMICAL NAME: Toluene

CAS No. :
DOT Class: 1294/FLAM LIQ 3

Synonym: Toluol, Methylbenzene
Formula: C₆H₅CH₃
UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Phys St: Liquid Boil Pt: 231.10 °F Ioniz Pot: 8.82 eV Fl Pt: 40.00°F
Mol Wt: 92.14 Melt Pt: -139.00 °F Vap Press: 22.00000 mmHg LFL: 1.27%
Sp Gr: 0.87 Frz Pt: -139.00 °F Odor Thr: 1.20ppm UFL: 7.00%
Stable: F Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
Odor: pungent, aromatic, benzene-like, sour
Incompat/React: nitric acid, strong oxidizers, peroxides
Solubility: water-slightly

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 100.00000ppm PEL (OSHA): 100.00000ppm IDLH: 2000.00000ppm
STEL: 150.00000ppm STEL: —
Toxic Properties: CEILING: 300ppm, MAX PEAK: 500ppm/10M/8H shift, IRRITANT
Toxic Data: Inhalation: human Tc10: 200ppm
Dermal: skin rbt: LD50 12124 mg/kg
Oral: rat: LD50 5000mg/kg
Carcinogen: exper
Mutagen: exper
Reproduct.: exper teratogen
Aquatic: 1180mg/l/96hr/sunfish/TM/fresh water
Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: CNS, Liver, Skin, Kidney
Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators: AFR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm
Cartridge Type: GMC-H
Protective Clothing: Coverall: Saranex Gloves: Viton
Special Precautions:

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, artf resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Eye/Skin: flush w/water 15 minutes, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

Acute: eye/respiratory/skin irritation, fatigue, weakness, confusion, headachedizziness, drowsiness, tingling skin, numbness, vision disturbances, mild macrocytic anemia, narcotic in high concentrations, coma
Chronic: drying & cracking of skin, fatty degeneration of the heart, liver, and adrenals, and hemorrhages, anemia

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: D Fire: 6,7 Leaks & Spills: 3,4,5,6,9
Decomposition Products: CO₂, CO

REFERENCES CONSULTED

MSHA Pocket Guide, Chris(vol. III), ACGIH TLV Booklet, RIECS
Other References: NIOSH Guides, Sigma-Aldrich

Chemical Classification: Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Last Revision Date:
05/10/89

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

DATE : / /

:

CAS No. :

DOT Class: 2831

Synonym: Methylchloroform

Formula: CH₃CCl₃

UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL NAME: Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Phys St: Liquid Boil Pt: 165.00 °F Ioniz Pot: 10.20 eV FI Pt: 0.00°F
Mol Wt: 133.41 Melt Pt: -31.00 °F Vap Press: 100.00000 mmHg LFL: 7.00%
Sp Gr: 1.31 Frz Pt: -33.00 °F Odor Thr: 350.00ppm UFL: 16.00%
Stable: F Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
Odor: sweetish, chloroform-like, etherish
Incompat/React: strong oxidizers, Al, magnesium, zinc, strong bases; K, Na, acetone, nitrates, O₂, yield strong rxns
Solubility: insoluble-water; sol in acetone, benzene, carbon tet, methanol, ether

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 350.00000ppm PEL (OSHA): 350.00000ppm IDLH: 1000.00000ppm
STEL: 450.00000ppm STEL: —
O₂ Properties: Affect CNS, IRRITANT
Tox Data: Inhalation: human T₁₀₁: 920ppm/70M
Dermal: —
Oral: rat: LD₅₀: 10,300 mg/kg
Carcinogen: suspect
Mutagen: exper
Reproduct.: teratogen
Aquatic: 75-150ppm/1 pinfish/TL_m/Salt water-no time period
Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: CNS, Eyes, Nose, Liver, Kidneys
Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Dermal Absorption, Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators: AFR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm
Cartridge Type: GMC-H or AP3 (RACAL)
Protective Clothing: Coveralls: PE Tyvek Gloves: Viton
Special Precautions:

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, artf resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Eye/Skin: remove contad cloth, flush w/water 15min, wash skin with soap/water, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Ingestion: give water, induce vomiting if conscious, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

Acute: irritation to eyes/skin/muc membranes, incoordination, nausea, confusion, drowsiness, poss loss of consciousness, dizzy, possible lung/brain damage form high concentrations
Chronic: dermatitis, liver/kidney damage-minimal

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: A Fire: 3,7 Leaks & Spills: 6,9,11
Decomposition Products: CO, CO₂, HCl, Phosgene

REFERENCES CONSULTED

OSHA Pocket Guide, Merck Index, Chris(vol. III), ACGIH TLV Booklet, RTECS
References: Sigma-Aldrich, Poison Handbook

Chemical Classification: Halogenated Hydrocarbon

Last Revision Date:
05/10/89

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

DATE : / /

CHEMICAL NAME: Xylene, all isomers

S No. :

Synonym: Dimethylbenzene, Xylol

Formula: C₈H₁₀(CH₃)₂

Class: FLAMMABLE

UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Phys St: Liquid Boil Pt: 0.00 °F Ioniz Pot: 8.56 eV Fl Pt: 81.00°F
Sol Wt: 106.20 Melt Pt: 0.00 °F Vap Press: 9.00000 mmHg LFL: 1.00%
Sp Gr: 0.86 Frz Pt: 0.00 °F Odor Thr: 20.00ppm UFL: 7.00%
Stable: F Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
Odor: aromatic odor, sweet
Incompat/React: strong oxidizers
Solubility: practically insoluble in water

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 100.00000ppm PEL (OSHA): 100.00000ppm IDLH: 1000.00000ppm
STEL: 150.00000ppm STEL: —

Properties :

LD₅₀: Inhalation: hum TCID₅₀: 200ppm

Dermal : —

Oral : rat LD₅₀: 4300 mg/kg

Carcinogens: —

Mutagen : exper

Reproduct.: exper teratogen

Aquatic : —

Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: CNS, Eyes, GI Tract, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Skin

Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Dermal Absorption, Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators : APR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm

Cartridge Type : GMC-H or AP3 (RACAL)

Protective Clothing: Coveralls: PE Tyvek Gloves: FVA, Viton (FVA degrades in water)

Special Precautions:

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, artif resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

Eye/Skin : flush w/water 15 minutes, wash skin with soap/water, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

Ingestion : DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

Acute : vapor cause dizziness, headache, cough, pulmonary distress/edema, nausea/vomiting, abdominal cramps, narcotic in high concent, mild skin irritant

Chronic: possible liver and/or kidney damage, pulmonary congestion. Ingestion may be fatal.

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: U

Fire: 6,7

Leaks & Spills: 3,4,5,6,9

Decomposition Products: CO, CO₂

REFERENCES CONSULTED

N^o 1: OSHA Pocket Guide, Merck Index, Chris(vol. III), ACGIH TLV Booklet, RTECS

Other References: NIOSH Guides, Sigma-Aldrich

Chemical Classification: Hydrocarbons, Aromatic

Last Revision Date:

06/10/89

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

CHEMICAL NAME: Phenol

AS No. :
QT Class: 1671/POISON/CL6

Synonym: Phenic acid, Phenyl Hydroxide, Carboic acid, Hydroxybenzene
Formula: C₆H₅OH
UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Phys St: Solid Boil Pt: 359.20 °F Ionz Pot: 8.50 eV FI Pt: 175.00°F
Sol Wt: 94.11 Melt Pt: 106.00 °F Vap Press: 0.36000 mmHg LFL: 1.70%
Sp Gr: 1.06 Frz Pt: 105.60 °F Odor Thr: -- UFL: 8.60%
Stable: F Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
odor: sweet, tarry, pungent, aromatic
Incompat/React: sulfuric acid, nitric acid, caustics, aliphatic amines/amides, strong acids, strong bases
Solubility: water soluble, miscible-alcohol, ether

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 5.00000ppm PEL (OSHA): 5.00000ppm IDLH: 250.00000ppm
STEL: -- STEL: --
Hazard Properties: HIGHLY TOXIC, BLISTERING AGENT
Toxic Data: Inhalation: rat LC50: 316mg/mg3
Dermal: skin rbt LD50: 850mg/kg
Oral: rat LD50: 384 mg/kg
Carcinogen: suspect
Mutagen: exper
Reproduct.: exper teratogen
Aquatic: 1.5ppm/48hr/rainbow trout/TLm/fresh water
Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: Liver, Kidneys; Skin
Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Dermal Absorption, Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators: AFR: dusty/windy condit or known high concen. or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm
Cartridge Type: GMC-H or AP3 (RACAL)
Protective Clothing: Coveralls: PE Tyvek Gloves: Viton-15hr, Neoprene-10hr, Butyl-8hr
Special Precautions: High concentrations in air are DANGEROUS to exposed skin/eyes/mucous membranes

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, artif resp if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Eye/Skin: flush w/water at least 15min, wash skin with soap/water, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY
Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, give milk, egg white, water, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

SYMPTOMS

Acute: corrosive to ANY TISSUE, eye damage/blindness, no pain to skin but whitening of color, burns or systemic poisoning results, naus/vomtg, circulatory collapse, tachypnea, paralysis, convulsions, coma
Chronic: Phenol poisoning: vomtg, diffic. swallow, diarrhea, lost appetite, headache, fainting, dizzy, dark urine, mental disturbances, skin rash. Liver and Kidney damage.

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: A Fire: 3,7 Leaks & Spills: 4,6,9,11
Decomposition Products: CO, CO2

REFERENCES CONSULTED

SHA Pocket Guide, Chris(vol. III), ACGIH TLV Booklet
Other References: NIOSH Guides, Sigma-Aldrich

Chemical Classification: Phenol, Cresol, Hydroxy Cmpd, Aromatic

Last Revision Date:
10/30/89

Ecology and Environment, Inc.
Hazard Evaluation of Chemicals
Region V - Chicago

ATTN : / /
AS No. :
DT Class: 1114

Synonyms: Benzol, Benzole, Benzolene, Coal Tar Naphtha
Formula: C₆H₆
UN/NA #:

CHEMICAL NAME: Benzene

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Phys St: Liquid Boil Pt: 176.00 °F Ioniz Pot: 9.25 ev FI Pt: 12.00°F
Sp Wt: 78.11 Melt Pt: 41.00 °F Vap Press: 75.00000 mmHg LFL: 1.30%
Sp Gr: 0.88 Frz Pt: 42.00 °F Odor Thr: 5.00ppm UFL: 7.90%
Stable: F Hazardous Polymerization will occur: F
Color: aromatic, pleasant, sweet
Incompat/React: nitric acid, oxidizing agents, chlorine, bromine
Solubility: Water-slightly, soluble in organic solvents

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Exposure Limits: TLV-TWA (ACGIH): 0.100 ppm PEL (OSHA): 1.00 ppm IDLH: 2000.00000ppm
STEL: 1.00 ppm STEL: 5.00 ppm
Toxic Properties: CEILING: 25PPM/15MIN. ACCEPT MAX PEAK ABOVE CEIL
Toxicity: Inhalation: rat LC50: 1000ppm/7hr
Dermal: skin rbt 500mg/24hr-MODERAT
Oral: rat LD50: 4394mg/kg
Carcinogen: human positive
Mutagen: exper
Reproduct.: exper
Aquatic: 5ppm/6hr/minnow/lethal/distilled water
Other Tox.: TARGET ORGANS: Blood, CNS, Skin, Bone Marrow, Eyes, Resp Sys
Routes of Exp.: Ingestion, Eye(Ocular), Dermal Absorption, Skin Contact, Inhalation

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Respirators: APR: dusty/windy condit or known high concent or >1 but <5ppm; SCBA: >5ppm
Cartridge Type: GMC-H or AP3 (RADAL)
Protective Clothing: Coverall: Saranex Gloves: Silvershield-8hr, PVA-6hr, Viton-6hr (PVA degrade in water)
Special Precautions: OSHA REGULATED CARCINOGEN.

FIRST AID

Inhalation: move to fresh air, give O2/CPR if nec, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Eye/Skin: remove contaminated clothes, flush areas w/water for 15 min, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION
Ingestion: Treat for shock, CPR if nec., SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION

SYMPTOMS

Acute: dizziness, weakness, euphoria, headache, nau/vomt, tight chest, staggering, visual blurring, tremors, skin irritation/scaling/cracking
Chronic: loss of appetite, drowsy, nervous, pallor, anemia, petechiae, abnml bleeding, aplasia of bone marrow, leukemia, encephalopathy w/ataxia, tremulousness, emotional lability, diffuse cerebral atrophy

DISPOSAL, FIRE, SPILLS (see attached sheet)

Disposal: D Fire: 6,7 Leaks & Spills: 3,4,5,6,9
Decomposition Products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

REFERENCES CONSULTED

OSHA Pocket Guide, Chris(vol. III), ACGIH TLV Booklet, RTECS
Other References: Sigma-Aldrich, Handbook of Poisoning, OSHA

Last Revision Date:

Chemical Classification: Aromatic Hydrocarbon

4/20/92

Job No.

ZT 2051

TOD/PME

T059308023/E

[illegible]

THE SIGMA-ALDRICH LIBRARY OF CHEMICAL SAFETY DATA

Explanation of Codes

PROCEDURES FOR SPILLS OR LEAKS

- 1 Absorb on sand or vermiculite and place in closed container for disposal.
- 2 Cover with dry lime, sand, or soda ash. Place in covered containers using nonsparking tools and transport outdoors.
- 3 Shut off all sources of ignition.
- 4 Evacuate area.
- 5 Cover with an activated carbon adsorbent, take up and place in closed container. Transport outdoors.
- 6 Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.
- 7 Sweep up, place in a bag and hold for waste disposal.
- 8 Avoid raising dust.
- 9 Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots and heavy rubber gloves.
- 10 Wear respirator, chemical safety goggles, rubber boots and heavy rubber gloves.
- 11 Cover with dry lime or soda ash, pick up, keep in a closed container and hold for waste disposal.
- 12 Carefully sweep up and remove.
- 13 Flush spill area with copious amounts of water.
- 14 Mix with solid sodium bicarbonate.
- 15 Place in appropriate container.
- 16 Wear protective equipment.
- 17 Wash spill site with soap solution.
- 18 Please contact the Technical Services Department. Be sure to mention the name and catalog number of the material.

FIRE-EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- 1 Carbon dioxide.
- 2 Dry chemical powder.
- 3 Water spray.
- 4 Alcohol or polymer foam.
- 5 Class D fire-extinguishing material only.
- 6 Water may be effective for cooling, but may not effect extinguishment.
- 7 Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, alcohol or polymer foam.
- 8 Foam and water spray are effective but may cause frothing.
- 9 Do not use dry chemical powder extinguisher on this material.
- 10 Do not use carbon dioxide extinguisher on this material.
- 11 Noncombustible.
- 12 Do not use water.
- 13 Use extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding fire condition



WASTE-DISPOSAL METHODS

The disposal methods outlined below are intended only as guides. We do not assume responsibility for their use. Careful consideration must be given to the chemical and physical properties of the substance. In addition, local laws and regulations may preclude the use of these methods which are primarily designed for small quantities. Observe all federal, state, and local laws.

The disposal of some chemicals may require deactivation or modification of the material by chemical means. Chemical waste-disposal reactions must be handled with the same care and consideration used with synthetic procedures. Appropriate consideration must be given to reaction conditions, i.e., stoichiometry, order and rate of addition, heat of reaction, evolution of gaseous products, pH, efficiency of stirring, rate of reaction, atmospheric sensitivity, etc.

Chemical waste-disposal reactions should be carried out in a chemical fume hood and in appropriate laboratory glassware. Because these reactions are often vigorous, protective safety equipment such as safety goggles, respirator, gloves, face and/or safety shield and other protective equipment must be used.

Initial reactions in a disposal sequence should be carried out on a small scale (5-10g). The reactant concentrations should not exceed 10% of the reaction volume and the final reaction volume should not exceed 50% of the working capacity of the reaction vessel, regardless of the reaction scale. Larger quantities of the material should be handled in several small-size reactions. To ensure completion of reaction, the waste disposal procedure should be run for at least an additional 4 to 8 hours after all materials have been mixed.

All reactions should be run by technically qualified persons familiar with the potential hazards of the chemical reactions.

- A Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
- B The material should be ignited in the presence of sodium carbonate and slaked lime (calcium hydroxide). The substance should be mixed with vermiculite and then with the dry caustics, wrapped in paper and burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
- C This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
- D Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable.
- E To a solution of the product in water, add an excess of dilute sulfuric acid. Let stand overnight. Remove any insolubles and bury in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.
- F Cautiously dissolve the material in water. Neutralize immediately with sodium carbonate or, if the material does not dissolve completely, add a little hydrochloric acid followed by sodium carbonate. Add calcium chloride in excess of the amount needed to precipitate the fluoride and/or carbonate.

Separate the insolubles and bury in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.

- G Under an inert atmosphere, cautiously add the material to dry butanol in an appropriate solvent. The chemical reaction may be vigorous and/or exothermic. Provisions must be made for venting of large volumes of highly flammable hydrogen and/or hydrocarbon gases. Neutralize the solution with aqueous acid. Filter off any solid residues for disposal as hazardous waste. Burn the liquid portion in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
- H Neutralize the solution and add filtering agent (10g per 100ml). Evaporate the liquid and bag the residual solid for burial in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.
- I Dissolve the solid in (or dilute the solution with) a large volume of water. Carefully add a dilute solution of acetic acid or acetone to the mixture in a well ventilated area. Provisions should be made to vent safely the hydrogen gas given off during the decomposition. Check acidity of the solution and adjust to pH 1 if necessary. Let stand overnight. Neutralize the solution (pH 7). Evaporate the solution and bury the residue in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.
- J Cautiously acidify a 3% solution or a suspension of the material to pH 2 with sulfuric acid. Gradually add a 50% excess of aqueous sodium bisulfite with stirring at room temperature. An increase in temperature indicates that a reaction is taking place. If no reaction is observed on the addition of 10% of the sodium bisulfite solution, initiate it by cautiously adding more acid. If manganese, chromium, or molybdenum is present, adjust the pH of the solution to 7 and treat with sulfide to precipitate for burial as hazardous waste. Destroy excess sulfide, neutralize and flush solution down the drain.
- K Please contact the Technical Services Department. Be sure to mention name, catalog number and quantity of the material.
- L The material should be dissolved in 1) water; 2) acid solution or 3) oxidized to a water-soluble state. Precipitate the material as the sulfide, adjusting the pH of the solution to 7 to complete precipitation. Filter the insolubles and dispose of them in a hazardous-waste site. Destroy any excess sulfide with sodium hypochlorite. Neutralize the solution before flushing down the drain.
- M A slurry of the arenediazonium salt with water can be disposed of by adding it gradually to a stirred solution of 5-10% excess 2-naphthol in 3% aqueous sodium azoxide at 0-20°C. After 12 hours, the resulting azo dye is filtered and either incinerated or buried in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal. Neutralize the remaining solution before disposal.
- N For small quantities: cautiously add to a large stirred excess of water. Adjust the pH to neutral, separate any insoluble solids or liquids and package them for hazardous-waste disposal. Flush the aqueous solu-

tion down the drain with plenty of water. The hydrolysis and neutralization reactions may generate heat and fumes which can be controlled by the rate of addition.

- O Bury in a landfill site approved for the disposal of chemical and hazardous waste.
- P Material in the elemental state should be recovered for reuse or recycling.
- Q Cautiously make a 5% solution of the material in water or dilute acid. There may be a vigorous, exothermic reaction and fumes may be generated due to the hydrolysis of the material. Control any reaction by cooling and by the rate of addition of the material. Gradually add dilute ammonium hydroxide to pH 10. Filter off any precipitate for disposal in a chemical landfill. If there is no precipitation, gradually adjust the pH from 10 to 6, stopping when precipitation occurs.
- R Catalysts and expensive metals should be recovered for reuse or recycling.
- S Treat a dilute basic solution (pH 10-11) of the material with a 50% excess of commercial laundry bleach. Control the temperature by the addition rate of bleach and adjust pH if necessary. Let stand overnight. Cautiously adjust solution to pH 7. Vigorous evolution of gas may occur. Filter any solids for burial in a chemical landfill. Precipitate any heavy metals by addition of sulfide and isolate for burial. Additional equivalents of hypochlorite may be needed if the metal can be oxidized to a higher valence state. For metal carbonyls, the reaction should be carried out under nitrogen.
- T Cautiously make a 5% solution of the product in water; vent because of possible vigorous evolution of flammable hydrogen gas. Acidify the solution to pH 1 by adding 1M sulfuric acid dropwise. Acidification will cause vigorous evolution of hydrogen gas. Allow the solution to stand overnight. Evaporate the solution to dryness and bury the residue in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.
- U Take the material (or a solution) and make a 5% solution in tetrahydrofuran. Cautiously add the solution dropwise to an ice-cooled, stirred basic solution of commercial bleach. Oxidation may release flammable hydrocarbon gases which must be vented. Let stand overnight. Adjust the pH to 7 and destroy excess hypochlorite with sodium bisulfite before disposal of the solution.
- V Under an inert atmosphere cautiously add dry butanol or a mixture of dry butanol in an appropriate solvent, to a solution of the material in tetrahydrofuran. The chemical reaction may be vigorous and/or exothermic. Provisions must be made for the venting of a large volume of flammable hydrogen gas. When gas evolution ceases, cautiously add a basic hypochlorite solution dropwise to the reaction solution. Let stand overnight. Neutralize the solution and treat with sodium bisulfite to destroy any excess hypochlorite. Filter any solids for burial in a landfill site approved for hazardous-waste disposal.

These recommendations are intended only as guides. Sigma-Aldrich shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from their use. See Foreword of the Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data for more information.

E. EMERGENCY INFORMATION

(Use supplemental sheets, if necessary)

LOCAL RESOURCES

(Obtain a local telephone book from your hotel, if possible)

Ambulance 911
 Hospital Emergency Room Community General Hospital/Medical Ctr. 100 Lefevre (815) 625-0400
 Poison Control Center Rush Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center 800-942-5969 / (312) 942-5969
 Police (include local, county sheriff, state) 911

Fire Department 911
 Airport N/A
 Agency Contact (EPA, State, Local USCG, etc.) Paul Steadman
 Local Laboratory N/A
 UPS/Fed. Express _____
 Client/EPA Contact Paul Steadman
 Site Contact _____

SITE RESOURCES

Site Emergency Evacuation Alarm Method Verbal
 Water Supply Source TAT will supply
 Telephone Location, Number N/A
 Cellular Phone, if available _____
 Radio N/A
 Other N/A

EMERGENCY CONTACTS

1. Dr. Raymond Harbison (Univ. of Florida) (501) 221-0465 or (904) 462-3277, 3281
 Alachua, Florida (501) 370-8263 (24 hours)
2. Ecology and Environment, Inc., Safety Director
 Paul Jonmaire (716) 684-8060 (office)
 (716) 655-1260 (home)
3. Dean Tiebout, Regional Safety Coordinator, Chicago (312) 663-9415 (office)
 (312) 338-4423 (home)
4. Jerry Oskvarek, Office Manager, Chicago (312) 775-7040 (home)
5. Tom Kouris, TAT Leader, Chicago (312) 201-3790 (office)
 (219) 924-1341 (home)
6. Pat Zwilling, ATATL, Chicago (708) 587-5934 (home)
7. Ron Bugg, TAT Safety Officer, Chicago..... (219) 922-8836 (home)

SITE DISMETER LOG

PROJECT/PAN # E05Z028TCA SITE NAME Hoffman Landfill/Asphalt Assoc.

SITE SAFETY OFFICER John Sherrard WEEK OF August 23, 1993

NAME AND
DOSIM. # MONDAY TUESDAY WEDNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY SATURDAY SUNDAY

Raghu Nagam 008			5				
John Sherrard 037			5				
Yvette Anderson 7472W0043			5				

To the nearest half-hour, record time spent downrange as "S" (e.g., S:2.5hrs), time spent in active PDS operation as "P", and any time spent downrange in rescue activity as "R".

MEDTOX HOTLINE

1. Twenty-four hour answering service: (501) 370-8263

What to report:

- State: "this is an emergency."
 - Your name, region, and site.
 - Telephone number to reach you.
 - Your location.
 - Name of person injured or exposed.
 - Nature of emergency.
 - Action taken.
2. A toxicologist, (Drs. Raymond Harbison or associate) will contact you. Repeat the information given to the answering service.
3. If a toxicologist does not return your call within 15 minutes, call the following persons in order until contact is made:
- a. 24 hour hotline - (716) 684-8940
 - b. Corporate Safety Director - Paul Jonmaire - home # (716) 655-1260
 - c. Assistant Corp. Safety Officer - Steven Sherman - home # (716) 688-0084
 - d. Chicago Health & Safety Manager - Dean Tiebout - home # (312) 338-4423

EMERGENCY ROUTES

(NOTE: Field Team must know Route(s) Prior to Start of Work)

Directions to hospital (include map) ANIXER Rd. to Route 30^{EAST} North 7th St
to Sterling. Exit Lefevre Rd to Hospital.
Into Sterling, IL. About 2 mi. Turn onto Lefevre Rd to Hospital.

Emergency Egress Routes to Get Off-Site To be determined go South on Anixter
Road until you leave the Asphalt Co. Meet at warehouse parking lot on East
Side of Anixter Rd. right after leaving the facilities property.

HS018A(04/02/91)

Community General Hospital
(C G H) / Medical Center
100 E. Lefevre Rd.
Sterling, IL 60181
(815) 625-0400



Vehicle Toll Schedule

NORTHWEST TOLL PLAZAS

Plaza Name	Plaza No.	Toll Collected From	Passenger Car Toll	Vehicle Toll Per Axle
South Beloit	1	All Traffic	.30	.15
* South Rockford	2	Westbound On	.10	.05
		Eastbound Off	.10	.05
Belvidere	3	All Traffic	.30	.15
Marengo	4	All Traffic	.30	.15
Hampshire	5	All Traffic	.30	.15
Elgin	6	All Traffic	.30	.15
* Route 31	7	Eastbound On	.20	.10
		Westbound Off	.20	.10
* Route 25	8	Eastbound On	.20	.10
		Westbound Off	.20	.10
Route 53	9	Eastbound On	.10	.05
		Eastbound Off	.10	.05
Devon Avenue	10	Westbound Only	.30	.15
River Road	11	Eastbound Only	.30	.15

* Unmanned To Exact Change

TRI-STATE TO

- Waukegan
- * Half-Day Road (Illinois 22)
- Deerfield Road
- Willow Road
- Touhy Avenue
- O'Hare-West
- O'Hare-East
- Irving Park Road (Illinois 19)
- Cermak Road
- Interstate 55
- 33rd Street
- 163rd Street
- Westbound I-80
- Eastbound I-80
- * Halsted Street (Illinois 1)

To Kewanee

To Peoria

F. EQUIPMENT CHECKLIST

Job/PAN

E05Z028TCA

Team Leader

Raghu Nagam

PROTECTIVE GEAR

Level A	No.	Level B	No.
SCBA		SCBA	3
SPARE AIR TANKS		SPARE AIR TANKS	89
ENCAPSULATING SUIT (Type _____)		PROTECTIVE COVERALL: Type <u>Tyvek, Saranex</u>	
SURGICAL GLOVES (Latex)		SM _____ M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1 Box
NEOPRENE SAFETY BOOTS		BUTYL APRON	
BOOTIES (Latex)		SURGICAL GLOVES (LATEX)	1 Box
GLOVES: Type _____		GLOVES: Type <u>NITRILE</u>	
SM _____ M _____ L _____		SM _____ M <u>X</u> L _____	12
OUTER WORK GLOVES		NEOPRENE SAFETY BOOTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CASCADE SYSTEM		BOOTIES (LATEX)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12
5-MINUTE ESCAPE MASK		HARD HAT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
COOLING VEST		FACE SHIELD	
HARD HAT		MANIFOLD SYSTEM WITH AIRLINE	
		CASCADE SYSTEM	
<u>Level C</u>		RAIN SUIT	
ULTRA-TWIN RESPIRATOR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OUTER WORK GLOVES	
POWER AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR			
CARTRIDGES (Type <u>GMC-H</u>)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Box	<u>Level D</u>	
PROTECTIVE COVERALL: Type <u>TYVEK</u>		ULTRA-TWIN RESPIRATOR (Available)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SM _____ M _____ L _____	6 PAIRS	CARTRIDGES (Type <u>GMC-H</u>)	LEVEL C
BUTYL APRON		5-MINUTE ESCAPE MASK (Available)	
SURGICAL GLOVES (LATEX)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PROTECTIVE COVERALL: Type <u>TYVEK</u>	
GLOVES: Type <u>NITRILE / Viton</u>		SM _____ M _____ L _____	LEVEL C
SM _____ M _____ L _____	FROM 'B'	OUTER WORK GLOVES	
OUTER WORK GLOVES		HARD HAT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GLOVE LINERS _____		FACE SHIELD	
FACE SHIELD		RAIN SUIT	
HARDHAT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WINTER BOOTS	
RAIN SUIT		BOOTIES (LATEX)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
NEOPRENE SAFETY BOOTS		NEOPRENE SAFETY BOOTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BOOTIES (LATEX)	FROM 'B'	STEEL TOED BOOTS	
STEEL TOED BOOTS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SAFETY GLASSES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

INSTRUMENTATION	No.	DECON EQUIPMENT	No.
OVA		WASH TUBS	1-2
THERMAL DESORBER		BUCKETS	✓
O2/EXPLOSIMETER W/CAL. KIT	✓	SCRUB BRUSHES	✓
PHOTOVAC TIP		PRESSURIZED SPRAYER	
RMu (Probe <u>10.2</u> OR <u>11.7</u>)	✓	DETERGENT (Type <u>ALCONOX</u>)	✓
MAGNETOMETER		SOLVENT (Type <u>WATER</u>)	✓
PIPE LOCATOR		PLASTIC SHEETING	1 ✓
WEATHER STATION		TARPS AND POLES	
DRAEGER PUMP, TUBES		TRASH BAGS	✓
BRUNTON COMPASS		TRASH CANS	
MONITOX CYANIDE	1	MASKING TAPE	✓
HEAT STRESS MONITOR		DUCT TAPE	✓
NOISE EQUIPMENT		PAPER TOWELS	✓
PERSONAL SAMPLING PUMPS (Type _____)		FACE MASK SANITIZER	✓
DUST MONITOR (MDA OR GCA System)		FOLDING CHAIRS	
		STEP LADDERS <u>20'</u>	1
RADIATION EQUIPMENT		DISTILLED WATER	3-
TLD BADGES	✓		
DOCUMENTATION FORMS	✓		
PORTABLE RATEMETER	✓		
SCALER/RATEMETER		SAMPLING EQUIPMENT	
NaI Probe		80 OZ. AMBER GLASS BOTTLES	4
ZnS Probe		1 L. AMBER GLASS BOTTLES	4
GM Pancake Probe	✓	40 ML. VIALS	12
GM Side Window Probe		1 L. PLASTIC <u>4 x 2</u>	8
MICRO R METER / RAD-MINI		8 OZ. GLASS	1 BOX
ION CHAMBER		120 ML. GLASS <u>4 OZ</u>	1 BOX
ALERT DOSIMETER		SPOONS	
POCKET DOSIMETER		KNIVES <u>32 QT BOTTLES</u>	2 BOX
		FILTER PAPER	
FIRST AID EQUIPMENT		PERSONAL SAMPLING PUMP SUPPLIES	
FIRST AID KIT	✓	BUCK CALIBRATOR	
OXYGEN ADMINISTRATOR		HAND BAILERS	
STRETCHER		THIEVING RODS WITH BULBS	
PORTABLE EYE WASH		DIOXIN SAMPLE KIT	
BLOOD PRESSURE MONITOR		PRESERVATIVES: HNO3 <u>✓</u> NaOH <u>✓</u> Other <u>HCL</u>	
FIRE EXTINGUISHER		STRING	

VAN EQUIPMENT	No.	MISCELLANEOUS (Cont.)	No.
TOOL KIT		HEARING PROTECTION	
HYDRAULIC JACK		LIFE VESTS	
LUG WRENCH		WALKIE-TALKIE	
TOW CHAIN		CONDUCTIVITY METER	
VAN CHECK OUT		PH METER	
Gas		CAMERA	
oil		WATER-LEVEL INDICATOR	
Antifreeze		SPLIT SPOON SAMPLERS	
Battery		PVC HAND PUMP	
Windshield Wash		RESISTIVITY METER	
Tire Pressure		WELL POINT SAMPLER	
		ROBAIR PUMP SYSTEM	
MISCELLANEOUS		THERMOMETER	
CHALK		MASTERFLEX PUMP & FILTER APPARATUS	
LEVEL/TRIPOD AND ROD		SHIPPING EQUIPMENT	
BOWLS		COOLERS	✓
PITCHER PUMP		PAINT CANS WITH LIDS, 7 CLIPS EACH	✓
SURVEYOR'S TAPE		VERMICULITE	✓
100 FIBERGLASS TAPE		DUST MASK	
300 NYLON ROPE		SHIPPING LABELS	✓
NYLON STRING		DOT LABELS: "DANGER"	✓
SURVEYING FLAGS		"UP"	✓
FILM	✓	"INSIDE CONTAINER COMPLIES ..."	✓
WHEEL BARROW		"HAZARD GROUP"	✓
BUNG WRENCH		STRAPPING TAPE	✓
SOIL AUGER		BOTTLE LABELS	
PICK		BAGGIES	
SHOVEL		CUSTODY SEALS	✓
CATALYTIC HEATER		CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY FORMS	✓
PROPANE GAS		FEDERAL EXPRESS FORMS	✓
BANNER TAPE		CLEAR PACKING TAPE	✓
SURVEYING METER STICK			
CHAINING PINS & RING			
TABLES			
WEATHER RADIO			
BINOCULARS			
MEGAPHONE			

SITE SAFETY MEETING
(Must be filled out by Site Safety Officer at the site)

Project Hoffman Ldtfl. TDD: 705-9308-023 PAN #: _____
Site Safety Officer: John Sherrard Date 8-25-93 Time 0835
Address: _____
Type of Work: Drum/Tank Sampling, Soil Sampling

SAFETY TOPICS PRESENTED

Protective Clothing/Equipment: Saranex, boots, nitriles, hard hat, Steel Toed Boots
APR, SCBA, HALE, D₂/explosimeter

Chemical Hazards: exposure to organic chemicals

Physical Hazards: heat stress, trip/fall, cut, splash

Radiation Hazards: _____

Emergency Procedures: GET OFF - SITE To ANIXTEN ROAD

Hospital/Clinic: COMMUNITY GENERAL HOSPITAL Telephone: (815) 625-0400

Hospital Address: 100 E LEFEVRE RD Emergency Telephone #: 11

Special Equipment: _____

Others: _____

Checklist

1. Emergency information reviewed? (Y) / N and made familiar to all team members? (Y) / N
2. Route to nearest hospital explained and reviewed? (Y) / N and its location known to all team members? (Y) / N
3. Site safety plan readily available and its location known to all team members? (Y) / N

The site safety meeting shall be attended by all personnel who will be working within the site area. Daily informational update meetings will be held when site tasks and conditions change.

ATTENDANCE

PRINT NAME
<u>John Sherrard</u>
<u>RAGHU NAGAM</u>
<u>Yvette Anderson</u>

SIGNATURE
<u>[Signature]</u>
<u>Raghu Nagam</u>
<u>Yvette Anderson</u>

DATE
<u>8-25-93</u>
<u>8/28/93</u>
<u>8-25-93</u>

MEETING CONDUCTED BY:
JOAN SHERRARD

ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT, INC. - CHICAGO

Site Name: Hoffman Landfill PAN/TDD#: T05-9308-023
 Date: 8-25-93 Wind Direction: _____ Weather: HOT, HAZY, cloudy 90's

EQUIPMENT	ID#	CALIB./OPER. CHECK	INITIALS & DATE	BACKGROUND READING	ON-SITE READING
OVA					
HNu	#32	X	JS 8/25/93	0	
Photovac Tube					
O2 Meter					
Exposimeter		X	JS 8/25/93	0% LEL 22% O ₂	
Combo-meter					
Rad-MINI					
Monitor-4					
Draeger tubes					
Monitox					
OTHERS:					

Attendees at Site: Raghu Nargam, John Sherrard, Yvette Anderson

Protective Clothing Worn: sunscreen, nitriles, hard hat, S.T. boots, booties

Comments on Monitoring or Protective Clothing (ex: Was the monitoring equipment possibly effected by the weather?) _____

Team Leader Raghu Nargam
 (Print Name)

R. Nargam 8/25/93
 (Signature) (Date)

Site Safety Officer JOHN SHERRARD
 (Print Name)

John Sherrard 8/25/93
 (Signature) (Date)

Please submit the original to Ron Bugg and a copy to the project file

Vehicle Safety Checklist
Ecology & Environment, Inc.
Chicago Office

Date: _____ Time: _____ Odometer: _____
Vehicle Model: _____ Color: _____ License Plate No. _____

INTERIOR:

_____ All Safety Belts-Proper Locking
_____ Parking Brake

START ENGINE:

_____ Oil Pressure
_____ Instrument Panel
_____ (Warning Lights or Buzzers)
_____ Horn
_____ Windshield Wiper & Washer
_____ Heater/Defroster
_____ Mirrors
_____ Steering (Loose)
_____ Interior Lights
_____ Emergency Flashers
_____ Starts Properly

FRONT:

_____ Headlights (Dim/Bright)
_____ Turn Signals
_____ Emergency Flashers

REAR:

_____ Tail Lights
_____ Brake Lights
_____ Back up Lights
_____ Turn Signals
_____ Emergency Flashers

MECHANICAL OPERATION:

_____ Engine (misses, knocks, etc.)
_____ Check Oil
_____ Water/Anti-freeze
_____ Wiper Fluid
_____ Brake Fluid

OUTSIDE:

_____ Tires (properly inflated)
_____ Gas Tank Cap

EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT:

_____ Fire Extinguisher
_____ First Aid Kit
_____ Flags, Flares,
_____ Spare tire (properly inflated)
_____ Tire Changing Kit
_____ (jack, tools, etc.)

REMARKS:

TEAM MEMBER/OPERATOR: _____

(print name)

signature

SITE NAME/ADDRESS: Huffman Landfill / Asphalt Assoc. Rock Falls

PAN/JOB NUMBER: E05Z028TCA/ZT2051

RETURN OF VEHICLE TO DUTY STATION

Vehicle Cleanliness: _____

Remarks: _____

Corrections Necessary: _____

TEAM MEMBER/OPERATOR: _____

(print name)

signature

Date: _____ Time: _____ Odometer: _____